



2024 G20 Rio de Janeiro Summit Interim Compliance Report

20 November 2024 to 31 May 2025

Prepared by
Irene Wu and Mahek Kaur
and the G20 Research Group

www.g20.utoronto.ca • g20@utoronto.ca • [@g20rg](https://twitter.com/g20rg)

16 September 2025



G20 Research Group
University of Toronto
6 Hoskin Avenue, Toronto Ontario M5S 1H6 Canada
g20@utoronto.ca +1-416-946-8953
www.g20.utoronto.ca www.g7g20.utoronto

Contents

Research Teams.....	4
Compliance Directors.....	4
Lead Analysts.....	4
Compliance Analysts	4
Introduction and Summary	6
Methodology and Scoring System	6
Commitment Breakdown	6
Selection of Commitments	6
2024 Rio de Janeiro Summit Interim Compliance Scores	7
2024 Rio de Janeiro Summit Interim Compliance by Member	7
2024 Rio de Janeiro Summit Interim Compliance by Commitment.....	7
Table 1: 2024 G20 Rio de Janeiro Summit Commitments Selected	8
Table 2: 2024 G20 Rio de Janeiro Interim Compliance Scores.....	9
Table 3: 2024 G20 Rio de Janeiro Interim Compliance by Member	10
Table 4: 2024 G20 Rio de Janeiro Interim Compliance Scores by Commitment	10
Table 5: G20 Compliance by Member, 2008–2024	11
1. Energy: Energy Transition Supply Chains.....	13
2. Development: Financial Support for Low- and Middle-Income Countries.....	62
3. Development: Integration of the African Union.....	219
4. Institutional Reform: Reforming Global Governance Institutions	250
5. Climate Change: Greenhouse Gas Reduction.....	307
6. Climate Change: Disaster Risk Reduction	367
7. Environment: Biodiversity	416
8. Health: Inclusive Health Systems	473
9. Macroeconomics: Fiscal Policy.....	576
10. Regional Security.....	618
11. Food and Agriculture: Fertilizer Shortages.....	700
12. Gender Equality: Labour Markets	727
13. Digitalization: Digital Platform Transparency	765

13. Digitalization: Digital Platform Transparency

“In this sense, we emphasize the need for digital platforms’ transparency and responsibility in line with relevant policies and applicable legal frameworks and will work with platforms and relevant stakeholders in this regard.”

G20 Rio de Janeiro Leaders’ Declaration

Assessment

	No Compliance	Partial Compliance	Full Compliance
Argentina		0	
Australia		0	
Brazil			+1
Canada			+1
China		0	
France		0	
Germany		0	
India		0	
Indonesia		0	
Italy	−1		
Japan			+1
Korea		0	
Mexico	−1		
Russia		0	
Saudi Arabia		0	
South Africa			+1
Türkiye		0	
United Kingdom		0	
United States	−1		
African Union		0	
European Union			+1
Average		+0.10 (55%)	

Background

Digital platform transparency has increasingly been at the forefront of many discussions in the international sphere. With the rapid expansion of the technology sector, particularly the exponential growth of artificial intelligence, countries across the world, including G20 members, are facing difficult challenges regarding regulating the digital space. G20 leaders have recognized the importance of digital platform transparency and increased governance in the area, as artificial intelligence has created a swift growth of cybercrimes and other harmful activities. To address these concerns, G20 leaders have advocated for greater transparency by digital platforms. The enhanced transparency will allow for increased and improved governance of data on platforms along with protections to help foster and develop safe and secure digital ecosystems. G20 members have recognized that a lack of regulation can be detrimental to their citizens as well as to national and global stability. With the bandwidth of online communication being easily accessible, it is evident that robust governance is essential to manage the growth of the technology sector while making it safe to participate on digital platforms.

At the 2016 Hangzhou Summit, G20 leaders first committed to fostering favourable conditions for the development of a digital economy to address the digital divide through “trust and security, while ensuring respect for privacy and personal data protection.”⁴⁵⁰²

At the 2017 Hamburg Summit, G20 leaders emphasized that “trust in digital technologies requires effective consumer protection, intellectual property rights, transparency, and security in the use of ICT [information and communications technology].”⁴⁵⁰³ The leaders also committed to “support the free flow of information while respecting applicable legal frameworks for privacy, data protection and intellectual property rights.”

At the 2018 Buenos Aires Summit, G20 leaders reaffirmed their commitment to maximizing the benefits of digitalization and supporting the free flow of information, ideas and knowledge, “while respecting applicable legal frameworks, and working to build consumer trust, privacy, data protection and intellectual property rights protection.”⁴⁵⁰⁴ The leaders also pledged to work together with digital platforms to fight the use of the internet and social media for terrorist purposes.

At the 2019 Osaka Summit, G20 leaders committed to work on the urgent challenges of digitalization and the digital economy by sharing “good practices on effective policy and regulatory approaches and frameworks” with other members.⁴⁵⁰⁵ The leaders also committed to a human-centered approach to AI that promotes security and the protection of intellectual property.

At the 2020 Riyadh Summit, G20 leaders acknowledged the importance of technologies for facilitating the continuation of economic activity during the pandemic and recognized the importance of security in this digital economy. The leaders also reaffirmed their commitment to “further facilitate data free flow and strengthen consumer and business trust” in accordance with relevant applicable legal frameworks.⁴⁵⁰⁶

At the 2021 Rome Summit, G20 leaders endorsed the G20 Menu of Policy Options: Digital Transformation and Productivity Recovery which “provides policy options, shares good practices, promotes inclusion and sheds light on the key role of international cooperation to make use of the growth opportunities of digitalization.”⁴⁵⁰⁷ The leaders also reaffirmed the need to address increased security challenges in the digital environment and committed to strengthen bilateral and multilateral cooperation to secure ICT.

At the 2022 Bali Summit, G20 leaders recognized the “importance of policies to create an enabling, inclusive, open, fair and non-discriminatory digital economy ... while addressing the challenges, related to digital divides, privacy, data protection, intellectual property rights, and online safety.”⁴⁵⁰⁸ The leaders also committed to advancing a human-centric and inclusive digital transformation for development and social well-being.

At the 2023 New Delhi Summit, G20 leaders committed to addressing the digital divides and endorsed the G20 Principles on Harnessing Data for Development. The leaders also recognized the importance of safe,

⁴⁵⁰² G20 Leaders’ Communiqué: Hangzhou Summit, G20 Information Centre (Toronto) 5 September 2016. Access Date: 4 March 2025. <https://www.g20.utoronto.ca/2016/160905-communique.html>

⁴⁵⁰³ G20 Leader’s Declaration: Shaping an Interconnected World, G20 Information Centre (Toronto) 8 July 2017. Access Date: 4 March 2025. <https://www.g20.utoronto.ca/2017/2017-G20-leaders-declaration.html>

⁴⁵⁰⁴ G20 Leader’s Declaration: Building Consensus for Fair and Sustainable Development, G20 Information Centre (Toronto) 1 December 2018. Access Date: 4 March 2025. <https://www.g20.utoronto.ca/summits/2018buenosaires.html>

⁴⁵⁰⁵ G20 Osaka Leaders’ Declaration, G20 Information Centre (Toronto) 29 June 2019. Access Date: 4 March 2025. <https://www.g20.utoronto.ca/2019/2019-g20-osaka-leaders-declaration.html>

⁴⁵⁰⁶ G20 Leaders’ Declaration, G20 Information Centre (Toronto) 21 November 2020. Access Date: 4 March 2025. <https://www.g20.utoronto.ca/2020/2020-g20-leaders-declaration-1121.html>

⁴⁵⁰⁷ G20 Rome Leaders’ Declaration, G20 Information Centre (Toronto) 31 October 2021. Access Date: 4 March 2025. <https://g20.utoronto.ca/2021/211031-declaration.html>

⁴⁵⁰⁸ G20 Bali Leaders’ Declaration, G20 Information Centre (Toronto) 16 November 2022. Access Date 2025. <https://www.g20.utoronto.ca/2022/221116-declaration.html>

secure, trusted, accountable and inclusive digital public infrastructure while “respecting applicable legal frameworks.”⁴⁵⁰⁹

At the 2024 Rio de Janeiro Summit, G20 leaders reaffirmed their commitment towards harnessing the potential digital technologies to reduce inequalities while recognizing that “transparency, with appropriate safeguards, and explainability regarding data, algorithms and content moderation that respects intellectual property rights and privacy, and data protection can be key for building healthy information ecosystems.”⁴⁵¹⁰ G20 leaders also committed to targeting misinformation and disinformation, hate speech and other forms of online harms through policies and relevant legal frameworks.

Commitment Features

This commitment’s welfare target is to advance digital platforms’ accountability to policies and legal frameworks, with the presumed extended welfare target of protecting the public’s digital-related rights. To do so the G20 committed to work directly with platforms and relevant stakeholders.

Definitions and Concepts

“Emphasize” is understood to mean “to show that something is very important or worth giving attention to.”⁴⁵¹¹

“Digital platforms” refer to “business models that use online infrastructure to facilitate interactions between groups. Examples include social media channels, online marketplaces, crowdsourcing websites and apps.”⁴⁵¹² In the context of this commitment, digital platforms include META, Tiktok, WhatsApp and X.

“Digital platform transparency” refers to open information sharing regarding the “platforms’ content curation and moderation policies and processes.”⁴⁵¹³

“Digital platform responsibility” refers to platforms being accountable “for sustaining an enabling environment for freedom of expression and the right to information, while ensuring there is an open, safe and secure environment for users and non-users.”⁴⁵¹⁴

“Policy” refers to “a set of ideas or a plan of what to do in particular situations that has been agreed to officially by a group of people, a business organization, a government, or a political party.”⁴⁵¹⁵

“Applicable” refers to “affecting or relating to someone or something.”⁴⁵¹⁶

“Legal framework” refers to the supporting structure around something which is permitted by the law.⁴⁵¹⁷

⁴⁵⁰⁹ G20 New Delhi Leaders’ Declaration, G20 Information Centre (Toronto) 9 September 2023. Access Date: March 2025. <https://www.g20.utoronto.ca/2023/230909-declaration.html>

⁴⁵¹⁰ G20 Rio de Janeiro Leaders’ Declaration, G20 Information Centre (Toronto) 18 November 2024. Access Date: 4 March 2025. <https://www.g20.utoronto.ca/2024/241118-declaration.html>

⁴⁵¹¹ Emphasize, Cambridge Dictionary (Cambridge) n.d. Access Date: 3 March 2025. <https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/emphasize>

⁴⁵¹² Digital Platforms: What They Are & How They Create Value. Harvard Business School (Boston) 8 May 2024. Access Date: 14 March 2025. <https://online.hbs.edu/blog/post/what-is-a-digital-platforms>

⁴⁵¹³ Guidelines for the Governance of Digital Platforms, United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (Paris) n.d. Access Date: 3 April 2025. <https://www.unesco.org/en/internet-trust/guidelines>

⁴⁵¹⁴ Guidelines for the Governance of Digital Platforms, United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (Paris) n.d. Access Date: 3 April 2025. <https://www.unesco.org/en/internet-trust/guidelines>

⁴⁵¹⁵ Policy, Cambridge Dictionary (Cambridge) n.d. Access Date: 14 March 2025. <https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/policy>

⁴⁵¹⁶ Applicable, Cambridge Dictionary (Cambridge) n.d. Access Date: 14 March 2025. <https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/applicable>

⁴⁵¹⁷ Legal Framework Collocation, Cambridge Dictionary (Cambridge) n.d. Access Date: 14 March 2025. <https://dictionary.cambridge.org/example/english/legal-framework>

“Work” refers “to spend time and effort doing something” or “to try hard to achieve or improve something.”⁴⁵¹⁸

“Stakeholder” refers to “a person such as an employee, customer, or citizen who is involved with an organization, society, etc. and therefore has responsibilities towards it and an interest in its success.”⁴⁵¹⁹ In the context of this commitment, this includes other G20 members, countries, international organizations, civil society and private sector members.

General Interpretive Guidelines

This commitment requires G20 members to work with platforms and relevant stakeholders to promote digital platform transparency and responsibility. The act of “work together” involves meeting face to face or virtually with the CEO or representative of a digital platform and with a different stakeholder to encourage platforms to be more transparent and accountable in their operations.

Full compliance, or a score of +1, will be given to a G20 member that takes strong action in meeting with 1) platforms and 2) stakeholders to improve their transparency and responsibility. Strong actions include evidence of individual members’ positive contribution in a meeting such as reaching a consensus on appropriate safeguards that respects privacy and data protection rights.

Partial compliance, or a score of 0, will be assigned to a G20 member that takes strong action in meetings with one of the actors; or takes moderate action in meetings with both platforms and stakeholders. Examples of moderate actions include attending a meeting but with no evidence of what the individual member said or promoted there, or verbal unilateral statements of support for the commitment welfare target.

Non-compliance, or a score of –1, will be assigned to a G20 member that 1) has not taken strong action in meeting with both platforms and stakeholders; 2) has taken weak action in meeting with one of the two actors; or 3) has taken actions directly and explicitly antithetical to the commitment. Actions that are antithetical to the commitment include explicit efforts to make digital platforms more opaque and less responsible to the public.

Scoring Guidelines

–1	The G20 member 1) has not taken strong action in meeting with both platforms and stakeholders; 2) has taken weak action in meetings with one of the two actors; or 3) taken actions directly and explicitly antithetical to the commitment.
0	The G20 member 1) has taken strong action in meetings with one of the actors; or 2) has taken weak action in meeting with both platforms and stakeholders.
+1	The G20 member has taken strong action in meeting with both 1) platforms and 2) stakeholders.

*Compliance Director: Eugenia Lapania
Lead Analyst: Zoha Mobeen*

Argentina: 0

Argentina has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 27 November 2024, the Argentinian Data Protection Authority (AAIP) organized the General Assembly of the Federal Council for Transparency to review the main challenges in national regulation of the protection

⁴⁵¹⁸ Work, Cambridge Dictionary (Cambridge) n.d. Access Date: 14 March 2025.

<https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/work>

⁴⁵¹⁹ Stakeholder, Cambridge Dictionary (Cambridge) n.d. Access Date: 14 March 2025.

<https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/stakeholder>

of personal data.⁴⁵²⁰ The Assembly combined 17 representatives of Argentine jurisdictions to form the federal agenda for transparency.

On 16 December 2024, the AAIP and the Superintendency of Personal Data Protection of Ecuador signed an inter-institutional cooperation agreement to coordinate strategies to strengthen the protection of citizen's personal data.⁴⁵²¹ The agreement aims to strengthen the strategies of protection of privacy and personal data of citizens. During the meeting, both institutions shared their experiences with multilateral data regulation instruments and domestic data protection laws.

On 18 December 2024, the AAIP and Federal Council for Transparency (CFT) shared work by provincial representatives to authorities, state-owned companies and officials in the Provincial Executive Branch of La Pampa to promote the right to access information and transparency.⁴⁵²² The AAIP and the CFT presented the Federal Transparency Guide – Dimensions for the Analysis of Web Portals, Recommendations and Practices for Active Transparency, Guidelines for the Formulation of a Personal Data Protection Plan, and the Report on the Update of the Personal Data Protection Law from a Federal Perspective. The aim is to strengthen laws regarding public information.

On 7 May 2025, the AAIP participated in the second meeting of the Working Groups of the Ibero-American Data Protection Network (RIPD) to share progress with Latin American national agencies responsible for personal data protection in their countries.⁴⁵²³ The meeting of the Working Group representatives aims to improve the economic viability of data protection frameworks through multilateral capacity building.

Argentina has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. Particularly, work by the AAIP and CFT continues to focus on citizens' knowledge of their rights to their data, and the implemented regulatory frameworks that govern digital platform usage. Argentina has taken strong action to meet with stakeholders to review regulatory challenges and coordinate strategies for data privacy and protection. However, it has not taken strong action in meeting with platform representatives.

Thus, Argentina receives a score of 0.

Analyst: Aaranya Alexander

Australia: 0

Australia has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 10 December 2024, Australia's eSafety Commissioner Julie Inman Grant collaborated with the US Department of Homeland Security to host over 20 technology, non-governmental, academic and civil society sector organizations for a two-day workshop aimed at establishing new areas of collaboration to combat

⁴⁵²⁰ La XIV Asamblea General del Consejo Federal para la Transparencia se realizó en la provincia de Córdoba, Gobierno de Argentina (Buenos Aires) 5 December 2024. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 29 March 2025.

⁴⁵²¹ La AAIP recibió la visita de la Superintendencia de Protección de Datos Personales de Ecuador, Gobierno de Argentina (Buenos Aires) 16 December 2024. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 29 March 2025.

⁴⁵²² La AAIP y el Consejo Federal para la Transparencia participaron de las Jornadas de Transparencia y Acceso a la Información Pública en La Pampa, Gobierno de Argentina (Buenos Aires) 18 December 2024. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://www.argentina.gob.ar/noticias/la-aaip-y-el-consejo-federal-para-la-transparencia-participaron-de-las-jornadas-de>

⁴⁵²³ La AAIP participó del II Encuentro de Grupos de Trabajo de la Red Iberoamericana de Protección de Datos, Gobierno de Argentina (Buenos Aires) 7 May 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 9 May 2025. <https://www.argentina.gob.ar/noticias/la-aaip-participo-del-ii-encuentro-de-grupos-de-trabajo-de-la-red-iberoamericana-de>

online child sexual exploitation and abuse (CSEA).⁴⁵²⁴ The workshop included presentations by industry leaders, roundtable discussions and breakout groups.

On 21 November 2024, Australia attended the Inaugural Convening of the International Network of AI Safety Institutes in San Francisco.⁴⁵²⁵ The Network hopes to kickstart meaningful international collaboration on AI safety and innovation by bringing together the leading minds across governments, industry, academia and civil society. The Network announced a joint statement on the risk assessment of advanced AI systems.

On 11 February 2025, Australia issued a joint statement with the United Kingdom, Ireland, France and Korea on building trustworthy data governance frameworks to encourage development of innovative and privacy-protective artificial intelligence.⁴⁵²⁶ The joint declaration recognized the complex environment of AI development due to the number and range of stakeholders including dataset and model hosting platforms.

On 13 February 2025, Information Commissioner Elizabeth Tydd delivered a speech at the Artificial Intelligence, Law and Society conference at Macquarie University.⁴⁵²⁷ In her speech, Commissioner Tydd confirmed that the three key principles that can guide us towards a future where society enjoys the benefits of AI are transparency, regulatory cohesion and regulatory effectiveness.

In April 2025, Australia's eSafety agency hosted a series of workshop sessions through the Youth Dialogues Special Project to provide a platform for youth ambassadors to identify practical actions that global technology companies and policymakers can take to support young people to have safer, more informed online experiences.⁴⁵²⁸ This initiative reflects Australia's commitment to bolstering the transparency and accountability of content moderation practices on platforms, protecting users and promoting digital literacy and well-being.

On 2 April 2025, information commissioners and ombudsmen from around Australia participated in a dialogue on "risks, challenges and opportunities affecting the public's right of access to government-held information."⁴⁵²⁹ The initiative aims to ensure government agencies acknowledge the benefits of AI and messaging platforms, while also implementing measures to uphold transparency of data governance and accessibility processes.

Australia has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. Australia has taken moderate action in meeting with both platforms and stakeholders through its participation in the

⁴⁵²⁴ Statement from Australia - United States Joint Council on Combating Online Child Sexual Exploitation Following Safety by Design Workshop with Industry, Global Experts, Australian Government eSafety Commissioner (Washington) 10 December 2024. Access Date: 3 September 2025. <https://www.esafety.gov.au/newsroom/media-releases/statement-from-australia-united-states-joint-council-on-combating-online-child-sexual-exploitation-following-safety-by-design-workshop-with-industry-global-experts>

⁴⁵²⁵ FACT SHEET: U.S. Department of Commerce & U.S. Department of State Launch the International Network of AI Safety Institutes at Inaugural Convening in San Francisco, National Institute of Standards and Technology (San Francisco) 20 November 2024. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://www.commerce.gov/news/fact-sheets/2024/11/fact-sheet-us-department-commerce-us-department-state-launch-international>

⁴⁵²⁶ Joint statement on building trustworthy data governance frameworks to encourage development of innovative and privacy-protective AI, Australian Government (Canberra) 11 February 2025. Access Date: 9 May 2025. <https://www.oaic.gov.au/news/media-centre/joint-statement-on-building-trustworthy-data-governance-frameworks-to-encourage-development-of-innovative-and-privacy-protective-ai>

⁴⁵²⁷ Artificial Intelligence, Law and Society conference, Australian Government (Sydney) 13 February 2025. Access Date: 9 May 2025. <https://www.oaic.gov.au/news/speeches/artificial-intelligence-law-and-society-conference>

⁴⁵²⁸ A call to action for global technology and policy leaders, Australian Government eSafety Commissioner (Canberra) June 2025. Access Date: 3 September 2025. <https://www.esafety.gov.au/sites/default/files/2025-06/Youth-Dialogues-Letter-GOSRN.pdf?v=1757311750395>

⁴⁵²⁹ Information commissioners and ombudsmen call on public sector leaders to be stewards of government information, Office of the Australian Information Commissioner (Sydney) 11 April 2025. Access Date: 12 July 2025. <https://www.oaic.gov.au/news/media-centre/information-commissioners-and-ombudsmen-call-on-public-sector-leaders-to-be-stewards-of-government-information>

Inaugural Convening of the International Network of AI Safety Institutes. However, it has not taken strong action whereby individual contributions in meetings have been documented.

Thus, Australia receives a score of 0.

Analyst: Yuhou Chen

Brazil: +1

Brazil has fully complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 27 November 2024, Federal Deputy of the Technology and Innovation Committee of the Chamber of Deputies Rui Falcao hosted a seminar titled “Digital Sovereignty.”⁴⁵³⁰ The seminar highlighted the importance of protection of public and strategic data under the custody of Brazil. Deputy Falcao called for independent digital structures that were solely in control by and in full responsibility of the Brazilian state.

On 6 December 2024, Director of Privacy and Information Security of the Secretariat of Digital Government of the Ministry of Management and Innovation in Public Services Leonardo Ferreira confirmed that alignment with cybersecurity leaders and business executives was improving.⁴⁵³¹ Director Ferreira insisted on the strict enforcement of the General Data Protection Law in the country.

On 13 December 2024, the National Council to Combat Piracy and Crimes against Intellectual Property held a workshop in partnership with the Brazilian Federal Government and the World Intellectual Property Organization.⁴⁵³² The workshop focused on international collaboration to regulate illicit intellectual property infringement using digital platforms.

On 13 December 2024, the National Consumer Secretariat and France’s Comité National Anti-Contrefaçon signed a Memorandum of Understanding.⁴⁵³³ The two countries committed to the bilateral strengthening of intellectual property protection with new digital technologies and platforms.

On 20 December 2024, the Attorney General’s Office (AGU) notified the digital platform TikTok to remove misinformation that the Brazilian Federal Government would reallocate severance pay of employees terminated without cause.⁴⁵³⁴ In this warning, the AGU informed TikTok that it would be held responsible for material generated by its users, and also emphasized that the law ensures that the removal of this information does not impact user’s freedom of expression.

⁴⁵³⁰ IA e soberania nacional são destaques em audiência na Câmara dos Deputados, Governo do Brasil (Brasília) 27 November 2024. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://www.gov.br/mcti/pt-br/acompanhe-o-mcti/noticias/2024/11/ia-e-a-soberania-nacional-sao-destaques-em-audiencia-na-camara-dos-deputados>

⁴⁵³¹ MGI aborda privacidade e segurança da informação nos serviços públicos digitais no evento América Aberta, Governo do Brasil (Brasília) 9 December 2024. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://www.gov.br/governodigital/pt-br/noticias/mgi-aborda-privacidade-e-seguranca-da-informacao-nos-servicos-publicos-digitais-no-evento-america-aberta-1>

⁴⁵³² Workshop da Senacon em parceria com a ONU reforça combate a crimes contra a propriedade intelectual, Governo do Brasil (Rio de Janeiro) 16 December 2024. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://www.gov.br/mj/pt-br/assuntos/noticias/workshop-da-senacem-em-parceria-com-a-onu-reforca-combate-a-crimes-contra-a-propriedade-intelectual>

⁴⁵³³ Brasil e França unem esforços contra pirataria e violação de direitos autorais, Governo do Brasil (Rio de Janeiro) 16 December 2024. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://www.gov.br/mj/pt-br/assuntos/noticias/brasil-e-franca-unem-esforcos-contra-pirataria-e-violacao-de-direitos-autorais>

⁴⁵³⁴ AGU notifica TikTok para que remova desinformação sobre direito trabalhista, Governo do Brasil (Brasília) 20 December 2024. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 19 March 2025. <https://www.gov.br/agu/pt-br/comunicacao/noticias/agu-notifica-tiktok-para-que-remova-desinformacao-sobre-direito-trabalhista>

On 10 January 2025, the AGU filed an extrajudicial notification to the digital platform Meta.⁴⁵³⁵ The notification explained how the digital content regulation guidelines of Meta should comply with Brazilian laws, and the platform should responsibly stop the dissemination of disinformation.

On 27 January 2025, the AGU completed a 10-day public consultation on content moderation of digital platforms in Brazil, receiving 78 contributions, including that of the digital platform LinkedIn.⁴⁵³⁶ These contributions acted as proposals for criteria needed to regulate technology and digital platform companies to ensure their transparency and accountability.

On 12 February 2025, the AGU sent an extrajudicial notice to the digital platform Meta to remove an artificial intelligence (AI) manipulated interview of Vice President Geraldo Alckmin regarding the use of public funds.⁴⁵³⁷ The AGU informed Meta that it would be held responsible for material generated by its third-party AI tools and if not removed it should instead be marked as altered or synthetic content.

On 12 February 2025, Brazil and the European Union reaffirmed their collaboration in digital governance through a joint statement committing to bilateral cooperation in digital governance.⁴⁵³⁸ This initiative aims to enhance transparency and data protection standards across digital platforms by working with companies and through shared regulatory practices.

On 12 February 2025, Brazil reiterated its dedication to combating misinformation in digital platforms to the Special Rapporteur for Freedom of Expression of the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights Pedro Vaca.⁴⁵³⁹ Special Rapporteur Vaca met with the executive, legislative and judicial branches of government during his visit to discuss digital information integrity and content moderation in accordance with international human rights.

On 19 February 2025, Brazil and Portugal met and signed a memorandum of understanding aimed at bolstering cooperation in digital governance.⁴⁵⁴⁰ The collaboration is designed to promote information exchange on transparent digital services and robust data protection practices.

On 20 March 2025, the National Data Protection Authority took part in the 63rd Meeting of the Bureau of the Advisory Committee of Convention 108 of the Council of Europe held in Paris, France.⁴⁵⁴¹ The meeting focused on the regulation of international data transfer and inspection.

⁴⁵³⁵ Government underscores it will not compromise on sovereignty, demands that changes in Meta operations comply with national laws, Governo do Brasil (Brasília) 10 January 2025. Access Date: 19 March 2025. <https://www.gov.br/planalto/en/latest-news/2025/01/government-underscores-it-will-not-compromise-on-sovereignty-demands-that-changes-in-meta-operations-comply-with-national-laws>

⁴⁵³⁶ AGU recebe 78 contribuições em consulta pública sobre plataformas digitais, Governo do Brasil (Brasília) 31 January 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://www.gov.br/agu/pt-br/comunicacao/noticias/agu-recebe-78-contribuicoes-em-consulta-publica-sobre-plataformas-digitais>

⁴⁵³⁷ AGU notifica Meta para remover vídeo falso de Geraldo Alckmin, Governo do Brasil (Brasília) 12 February 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 9 May 2025. <https://www.gov.br/agu/pt-br/comunicacao/noticias/agu-notifica-meta-para-remover-video-falso-de-geraldo-alkmin>

⁴⁵³⁸ Brasil e União Europeia reforçam cooperação em governança digital e reafirmam seus marcos de legislação na área digital, Governo do Brasil (Brasília) 12 February 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 9 May 2025. <https://www.gov.br/secom/pt-br/assuntos/noticias/2025/02/brasil-e-uniao-europeia-reforcam-cooperacao-em-governanca-digital-e-reafirmam-seus-marcos-de-legislacao-na-area-digital>

⁴⁵³⁹ Brasil reafirma compromisso com a liberdade de expressão durante visita de trabalho de relator da OEA, Governo do Brasil (Brasília) 15 February 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 9 May 2025. <https://www.gov.br/secom/pt-br/assuntos/noticias/2025/02/brasil-reafirma-compromisso-com-a-liberdade-de-expressao-durante-visita-de-trabalho-de-relator-da-oea>

⁴⁵⁴⁰ Brasil e Portugal fecham parceria para fortalecer a cooperação em governo digital, Governo do Brasil (Brasília) 20 February 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 9 May 2025. <https://www.gov.br/gestao/pt-br/assuntos/noticias/2025/fevereiro/brasil-e-portugal-fecham-parceria-para-fortalecer-a-cooperacao-em-governo-digital>

⁴⁵⁴¹ ANPD participa da 63ª Reunião do Bureau da Convenção 108 do Conselho da Europa, Governo do Brasil (Brasília) 21 March 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 9 May 2025. <https://www.gov.br/anpd/pt-br/assuntos/noticias/anpd-participa-da-63a-reuniao-do-bureau-da-convencao-108-do-conselho-da-europa>

On 25 March 2025, the Minister of Communications Juscelino Filho met and signed a memorandum of cooperation with the Japanese Minister of Internal Affairs and Communications Murakami Seiichiro to strengthen collaboration on digital inclusion and regulation of communication technologies.⁴⁵⁴²

On 9 April 2025, Brazil and Korea signed an agreement on copyright in an evolving digital environment.⁴⁵⁴³ The agreement seeks to expand the international partnerships on the intellectual property regulation of streaming and artificial intelligence platforms.

On 14 April 2025, the General Coordinator of the Brazilian National Commission for the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) Maria Clara Nocchi participated in a panel of the UNESCO Chair on Unplugged Artificial Intelligence in Education where she engaged with stakeholders from governments, academia and non-governmental organizations to promote responsible AI use when accessing the internet and other digital sources, especially among “low-income individuals.”⁴⁵⁴⁴

On 14 May 2025, President Luiz Inácio Lula da Silva addressed concerns about digital platforms including TikTok and discussed joint consensus with China’s President Xi Jinping on implementing concrete safeguards during a press conference following his visit to China.⁴⁵⁴⁵

Brazil has fully complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. On several occasions, federal officials have reaffirmed this commitment in a variety of workshops and presentations with multilateral stakeholders. The government has taken measures to correspond with private and public technology companies, both when their actions violate data protection laws and when inviting their input in future policy. Brazil has put forward concrete commitments and renewed international agreements to further its data transparency and responsibility efforts in the future.

Thus, Brazil receives a score of +1.

Analyst: Aaranya Alexander

Canada: +1

Canada has fully complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 21 November 2024, Canada attended the Inaugural Convening of the International Network of AI Safety Institutes in San Francisco.⁴⁵⁴⁶ The Network hopes to kickstart meaningful international collaboration on

⁴⁵⁴² Ministério das Comunicações assina acordo de inclusão digital e tecnologias da informação e comunicação com governo do Japão, Governo do Brasil (Brasília) 25 March 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 9 May 2025. <https://www.gov.br/mcom/pt-br/noticias/2025/marco/ministerio-das-comunicacoes-assina-acordo-de-inclusao-digital-e-tecnologias-da-informacao-e-comunicacao-com-governo-do-japao>

⁴⁵⁴³ Brasil e Coreia do Sul firmam plano de trabalho para implementar acordo inédito sobre direitos autorais, Governo do Brasil (Brasília) 11 April 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 9 May 2025. <https://www.gov.br/cultura/pt-br/assuntos/noticias/brasil-e-coreia-do-sul-firmam-plano-de-trabalho-para-implementar-acordo-inedito-sobre-direitos-autorais-1>

⁴⁵⁴⁴ Lançamento da Cátedra UNESCO sobre Inteligência Artificial Desplugada na Educação, Ministério das Relações Exteriores (Brasília) 14 April 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 12 July 2025. <https://www.gov.br/mre/pt-br/assuntos/cultura-e-educacao/brasil-unesco/lançamento-da-catedra-unesco-sobre-inteligencia-artificial-desplugada-na-educacao>

⁴⁵⁴⁵ Entrevista do presidente Lula em coletiva de imprensa após visita à China - 14/05/2025, Ministério das Relações Exteriores (Brasília) 14 May 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 12 July 2025. <https://www.gov.br/mre/pt-br/centrais-de-conteudo/publicacoes/discursos-artigos-e-entrevistas/presidente-da-republica/presidente-da-republica-federativa-do-brasil-entrevistas/luiz-inacio-lula-da-silva-2023-2026/entrevista-do-presidente-lula-em-coletiva-de-imprensa-apos-visita-a-china-14-05-2025>

artificial intelligence (AI) safety and innovation by bringing together the leading minds across governments, industry, academia and civil society. The Network announced a joint statement on the risk assessment of advanced AI systems.

On 10 December 2024, Privacy Commissioner Philippe Dufresne announced LinkedIn's decision to voluntarily pause its AI training model following ongoing engagement with the company to ensure compliance with private-sector privacy laws.⁴⁵⁴⁷ This reflects Canada's direct engagement with platform representatives to bolster existing safeguards.

On 10 December 2024, Commissioner Dufresne shared remarks on "the wind up of TikTok Technology Canada" during the Standing Committee on Access to Information, Privacy, and Ethics (ETHI).⁴⁵⁴⁸ Commissioner Dufresne engaged with Parliament representatives, addressing the federal government's decision to wind down TikTok Canada due to national security and privacy concerns.⁴⁵⁴⁹

On 11 February 2025, Prime Minister Justin Trudeau underlined Canada's commitment to responsibly power, adopt and share AI at the AI Action Summit in Paris, France.⁴⁵⁵⁰ Prime Minister Trudeau engaged with CEOs and AI business leaders to discuss opportunities for innovation and investment, while reiterating Canada's position on inclusive and sustainable AI development.

On 24 April 2025, the Ministry of Natural Resources attended the 10th Annual Digitalization & AI in Energy Canada Conference.⁴⁵⁵¹ The Conference included conversations with senior-level leaders in operations, digital, data and AI. The meetings aimed to help the energy sector adopt the rapid evolution of AI, advanced analytics and digital technologies offer tremendous promise.

On 13 May 2025, Commissioner Dufresne announced at the International Association of Privacy Professionals Canada Privacy Symposium 2025 that the Office of the Privacy Commissioner (OPC) is opening an "exploratory consultation" on potentially devising a federal children's privacy code.⁴⁵⁵² This code will aim to create a safer and more transparent online environment for children. The Commissioner stated that the OPC's ongoing investigation into TikTok is an example of this as they are focusing on the platform's privacy practices as they affect younger users.

Canada has fully complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. Canada has taken strong action in meeting with relevant stakeholders to share knowledge and increase awareness of data

⁴⁵⁴⁶ FACT SHEET: U.S. Department of Commerce & U.S. Department of State Launch the International Network of AI Safety Institutes at Inaugural Convening in San Francisco, National Institute of Standards and Technology (San Francisco) 20 November 2024. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://www.commerce.gov/news/fact-sheets/2024/11/fact-sheet-us-department-commerce-us-department-state-launch-international>

⁴⁵⁴⁷ Privacy Commissioner welcomes commitment from LinkedIn to pause training of AI models using the personal information from Canadian member accounts, Office of the Privacy Commissioner of Canada (Gatineau) 10 December 2024. Access Date: 12 July 2025. https://www.priv.gc.ca/en/opc-news/news-and-announcements/2024/nr-c_241210b/

⁴⁵⁴⁸ Privacy Commissioner discusses TikTok during appearance before parliamentary committee, Office of the Privacy Commissioner of Canada (Ottawa) 10 December 2024. Access Date: 12 July 2025. https://www.priv.gc.ca/en/opc-news/news-and-announcements/2024/nr-c_241210/

⁴⁵⁴⁹ Appearance before the Standing Committee on Access to Information, Privacy and Ethics (ETHI) on the government's decision to order the wind up of TikTok Technology Canada, Inc., Privacy Commissioner of Canada (Ottawa) 10 December 2024. Access Date: 12 July 2025. https://www.priv.gc.ca/en/opc-actions-and-decisions/advice-to-parliament/2024/parl_20241210/

⁴⁵⁵⁰ Strengthening transatlantic partnerships and securing Canada's AI advantage, Prime Minister of Canada (Brussels) February 12, 2025. Access Date: 12 May 2025. <https://www.pm.gc.ca/en/news/news-releases/2025/02/12/strengthening-transatlantic-partnerships-and-securing-canadas-ai>

⁴⁵⁵¹ 10th Annual Digitalization & AI in Energy Canada Conference, Energy Conference Network (Calgary) 24 April 2025. Access Date: 12 May 2025. <https://digitalizationoilandgas-canada.energyconferencenetwork.com/>

⁴⁵⁵² Keynote Remarks by the Privacy Commissioner of Canada at the International Association of Privacy Professionals (IAPP) Canada Privacy Symposium 2025, Government of Canada (Toronto) 19 February 2025. Access Date: 12 May 2025. https://www.priv.gc.ca/en/opc-news/speeches-and-statements/2025/sp-d_20250512/

innovations. Canada has also taken strong action in meeting with platform representatives to advance platform transparency and accountability.

Thus, Canada receives a score of +1.

Analyst: Yubou Chen

China: 0

China has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 5 March 2025, Director of State Administration for Market Regulation Luo Wen committed to urge platform enterprises to improve algorithm transparency and optimize algorithm rules.⁴⁵⁵³ Director Luo's speech recognized China's commitment to protecting consumers' and business competitors' legal rights in the digital platform economy.

On 14 May 2025, President Xi Jinping met with Brazil's President Luiz Inácio Lula da Silva to address concerns about digital platforms including TikTok, and discuss joint consensus with China's on implementing concrete safeguards during a press conference following his visit to China.⁴⁵⁵⁴

China has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. China has emphasized transparency on and responsibilities of digital platforms through official speeches. China has also taken action in meeting with stakeholders including Brazil's President Lula on implementing safeguards for digital platforms.

Thus, China has received a score of 0.

Analyst: Alvin Wong

France: 0

France has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 21 November 2024, France attended the Inaugural Convening of the International Network of AI Safety Institutes in San Francisco.⁴⁵⁵⁵ The Network hopes to kickstart meaningful international collaboration on artificial intelligence (AI) safety and innovation by bringing together the leading minds across governments, industry, academia and civil society. The Network announced a joint statement on the risk assessment of advanced AI systems.

On 18 December 2024, the French National Cybersecurity Agency and the German Federal Office for Information Security (Bundesamt für Sicherheit in der Informationstechnik) released a joint statement on cybersecurity impacting information system (accreditation and visa information systems) for major sports

⁴⁵⁵³ 市場監管總局：督促平台提高演算法透明度、最佳化演算法規則, The State Council The People's Republic of China (Beijing) 5 March 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 20 March 2025.

https://www.gov.cn/yaowen/shipin/202503/content_7010672.htm

⁴⁵⁵⁴ Entrevista do presidente Lula em coletiva de imprensa após visita à China - 14/05/2025, Ministério das Relações Exteriores (Brasília) 14 May 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 12 July 2025. <https://www.gov.br/mre/pt-br/centrais-de-conteudo/publicacoes/discursos-artigos-e-entrevistas/presidente-da-republica/presidente-da-republica-federativa-do-brasil-entrevistas/luiz-inacio-lula-da-silva-2023-2026/entrevista-do-presidente-lula-em-coletiva-de-imprensa-apos-visita-a-china-14-05-2025>

⁴⁵⁵⁵ FACT SHEET: U.S. Department of Commerce & U.S. Department of State Launch the International Network of AI Safety Institutes at Inaugural Convening in San Francisco, National Institute of Standards and Technology (San Francisco) 20 November 2024. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://www.commerce.gov/news/fact-sheets/2024/11/fact-sheet-us-department-commerce-us-department-state-launch-international>

event planning.⁴⁵⁵⁶ The joint statement underscored cooperation with private-sector stakeholders and cybersecurity vendors to bolster safeguards against cybersecurity threats.⁴⁵⁵⁷

On 11 February 2025, France hosted the AI Action Summit in Paris, which focused on discussion of standards for more sustainable usage of AI and democratization of technology access particularly in the Global South.⁴⁵⁵⁸ The event was co-chaired by India and had over 1,000 participants from over 100 countries, consisting of government leaders, international organizations, academics and industry representatives.

On 11 February 2025, France issued a joint statement with the UK, Ireland, Korea and Australia on building trustworthy data governance frameworks to encourage development of innovative and privacy-protective artificial intelligence.⁴⁵⁵⁹ The joint declaration recognized the complex environment of AI development due to the number and range of stakeholders including dataset and model hosting platforms.

On 4 April 2025, France and the United Kingdom co-hosted the second Pall Mall Process Conference in Paris, France.⁴⁵⁶⁰ The conference focused on addressing the misuse of commercial cyber intrusion capabilities. The conference resulted in a Code of Practice for states regarding the use and sale of cyber tools and services. As of 25 April 2025, 25 countries have signed the Code of Practice which aims to combat the irresponsible use of commercial cyber intrusion capabilities, including commercial spyware.⁴⁵⁶¹ This initiative bolsters the privacy and data protection safeguards on platforms.

On 14 April 2025, Minister Delegate for Artificial Intelligence and Digital Affairs Clara Chappaz launched the Digital Sovereignty Observatory and convened public and private stakeholders to strengthen national digital autonomy.⁴⁵⁶² Minister Chappaz emphasized protecting sensitive data and reducing reliance on foreign digital platforms.

France has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. France has also put forward concrete commitments as evidenced by their individual member contributions at meetings with relevant stakeholders. However, France has not taken strong action in meeting with platform representatives to promote transparency and accountability.

Thus, France receives a score of 0.

Analyst: Deepak Menon

⁴⁵⁵⁶ ANSSI and BSI issue a joint release on cybersecurity at major sporting events thanks to cooperation with the private sector, Agence nationale de la sécurité des systèmes d'information (Paris) 18 December 2024. Access Date: 12 July 2025.

<https://cyber.gouv.fr/en/actualites/anssi-and-bsi-issue-joint-release-cybersecurity-major-sporting-events-thanks-cooperation>

⁴⁵⁵⁷ Guaranteeing the Cybersecurity of Major Sports Events Through Cooperation With the Private Sector, Federal Office for Information Security (Bonn) 18 December 2024. Access Date: 12 July 2025.

https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/EN/BSI/Publications/ANSSI-BSI-joint-releases/ANSSI-BSI_joint-release_2024.pdf

⁴⁵⁵⁸ AI Action Summit, Ministry of Europe and Foreign Affairs (Paris) 10 February 2025. Access Date: 31 March 2025.

<https://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/en/french-foreign-policy/digital-diplomacy/news/article/ai-action-summit-10-11-feb-2025>

⁴⁵⁵⁹ Joint statement on building trustworthy data governance frameworks to encourage development of innovative and privacy-protective AI, Australian Government (Canberra) 11 February 2025. Access Date: 9 May 2025.

<https://www.oaic.gov.au/news/media-centre/joint-statement-on-building-trustworthy-data-governance-frameworks-to-encourage-development-of-innovative-and-privacy-protective-ai>

⁴⁵⁶⁰ Pall Mall Process: Code of Practice for States to tackle the proliferation and irresponsible use of commercial cyber intrusion capabilities, Ministry of Europe and Foreign Affairs (Paris) 3 April 2025. Access Date: 10 May 2025.

<https://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/en/french-foreign-policy/digital-diplomacy/news/article/pall-mall-process-code-of-practice-for-states-to-tackle-the-proliferation-and>

⁴⁵⁶¹ How the Pall Mall Process Can Help Combat Commercial Spyware Abuse, Freedom House (Washington D.C.) 8 May 2025. Access Date: 10 May 2025. <https://freedomhouse.org/article/how-pall-mall-process-can-help-combat-commercial-spyware-abuse>

⁴⁵⁶² NAR - Déplacement de Clara Chappaz à Strasbourg, Ministère Chargée de l'Intelligence Artificielle et du Numérique (Paris) 25 April 2025. Translation provided by Analyst. Access Date: 10 May 2025. <https://presse.economie.gouv.fr/nar-deplacement-de-clara-chappaz-a-strasbourg-vendredi-25-avril-2025/>

Germany: 0

Germany has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 18 December 2024, the German Federal Office for Information Security (Bundesamt für Sicherheit in der Informationstechnik [BSI]) and the French National Cybersecurity Agency released a joint statement on cybersecurity impacting information system (accreditation and visa information systems) for major sports event planning.⁴⁵⁶³ The joint statement underscored cooperation with private-sector stakeholders and cybersecurity vendors to bolster safeguards against cybersecurity threats.⁴⁵⁶⁴

On 24 January 2025, the Digital Services Coordinator (DSC) at the Federal Network Agency (Bundesnetzagentur) facilitated an elections roundtable between platform representatives, authorities, the EU Commission, researchers and civil society members to discuss responsibilities, potential Digital Services Act (DSA) violations and mitigation measures.⁴⁵⁶⁵

On 31 January 2025, the Federal Network Agency conducted a coordinated disinformation “stress test” with Google, Meta, TikTok and X.⁴⁵⁶⁶ The agency assessed how these platforms would detect and manage disinformation and foreign interference before Germany’s 2025 federal election. The test assessed how platforms would detect and mitigate systemic threats.

On 13 February 2025, the Federal Cartel Office (Bundeskartellamt) issued preliminary findings following discussions and investigations against Apple’s App Tracking Transparency Framework.⁴⁵⁶⁷ The regulator determined that Apple may have used the framework to unfairly privilege its own services while disadvantaging competitors, raising potential concerns under German competition law.

On 17 February 2025, the German Ministry of Labour and the Kenyan Ministry of ICT and the Digital Economy participated in policy roundtables on platform transparency and demands for improved conditions for tech companies and policymakers.⁴⁵⁶⁸ The meetings featured labour organizations, stakeholders from the private sector and academia, as well as content moderators and data workers from Kenya and Germany.

⁴⁵⁶³ ANSSI and BSI issue a joint release on cybersecurity at major sporting events thanks to cooperation with the private sector, Agence nationale de la sécurité des systèmes d’information (Paris) 18 December 2024. Access Date: 12 July 2025. <https://cyber.gouv.fr/en/actualites/anssi-and-bsi-issue-joint-release-cybersecurity-major-sporting-events-thanks-cooperation>

⁴⁵⁶⁴ Guaranteeing the Cybersecurity of Major Sports Events Through Cooperation With the Private Sector, Federal Office for Information Security (Bonn) 18 December 2024. Access Date: 12 July 2025. https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/EN/BSI/Publications/ANSSI-BSI-joint-releases/ANSSI-BSI_joint-release_2024.pdf

⁴⁵⁶⁵ Bericht über die Durchsetzung des Digital Services Act im Rahmen der Bundestagswahl 2025, Bundesnetzagentur (Berlin) n.d. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 3 September 2025.

https://www.dsc.bund.de/DSC/DE/Aktuelles/Veroeffentlichungen/BTW.pdf?__blob=publicationFile&v=3

⁴⁵⁶⁶ German digital services coordinator tests platform’s readiness under Digital Services Act, European Commission (n.d.) 31 January 2025. Access Date: 7 May 2025. <https://digital-strategy.ec.europa.eu/en/news/german-digital-services-coordinator-tests-platforms-readiness-under-digital-services-act>; Bericht über die Durchsetzung des Digital Services Act im Rahmen der Bundestagswahl 2025, Bundesnetzagentur (Berlin) n.d. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 3 September 2025. https://www.dsc.bund.de/DSC/DE/Aktuelles/Veroeffentlichungen/BTW.pdf?__blob=publicationFile&v=3

⁴⁵⁶⁷ Bundeskartellamt has concerns about the current form of Apple’s App Tracking Transparency Framework (ATTF), Bundeskartellamt (Berlin) 13 February 2025. Access Date: 7 May 2025.

https://www.bundeskartellamt.de/SharedDocs/Meldung/EN/Pressemitteilungen/2025/02_13_2025_ATTF.html

⁴⁵⁶⁸ Data workers demand safe and fair conditions, SUPERRR (Berlin) 17 February 2025. Access Date: 3 September 2025. <https://superrr.net/en/blog/data-workers-demand-safe-and-fair-conditions>

On 8 May 2025, President of the Federal Office for Information Security Claudia Plattner engaged with cybersecurity experts and business representatives from companies such as Vodafone Germany to bolster digital resilience and secure digital infrastructure amid current geopolitical tensions.⁴⁵⁶⁹

On 21 May 2025, the Federal Intelligence Service, BSI and the Federal Office for the Protection of the Constitution published a Joint Cybersecurity Advisory on cyber activities of the Russian military intelligence service GRU Unit 26165 targeting Western technology companies and platforms.⁴⁵⁷⁰ The initiative engages with private-sector stakeholders and intelligence agencies to bolster platform operations and safeguard privacy and data protection rights.

Germany has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. It has taken actions to work with stakeholders and platform representatives through roundtable discussions and consultations to improve platform transparency and accountability..

Thus, Germany receives a score of 0.

Analyst: Thien Lam Nguyen

India: 0

India has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 3 February 2025, the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) requested expanded authority from the government to combat illegitimate financial advice circulating on social platforms like WhatsApp and Telegram.⁴⁵⁷¹ SEBI noted social media firms have declined previous data requests due to legal restrictions. This is the second appeal submitted by SEBI since 2022.

On 11 February 2025, India co-chaired the AI Action Summit in Paris, France which focused on discussion of standards for more sustainable usage of artificial intelligence (AI) and democratization of technology access particularly in the Global South.⁴⁵⁷² The event had over 1,000 participants from over 100 countries, consisting of government leaders, international organizations, academics and industry representatives.

On 6 May 2025, the Indian Ministry of Commerce established a panel to review national copyright laws regarding AI.⁴⁵⁷³ The action followed legal disputes involving OpenAI, where Indian news outlets accused the company of using copyrighted content for AI model training. The panel is tasked with updating and assessing the utility of the Copyright Act of 1957.

India has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. India has taken

⁴⁵⁶⁹ Zeitenwende im digitalen Raum: BSI wirkt als Scharnier zwischen Sicherheit und Digitalisierung, Bundesamt für Sicherheit in der Informationstechnik (Bonn) 8 May 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 12 July 2025.

⁴⁵⁷⁰ Gemeinsamer Sicherheitshinweis zu Cyberaktivitäten der russischen GRU-Einheit 26165, Bundesamt für Sicherheit in der Informationstechnik (Bonn) 21 May 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 12 July 2025. https://www.bsi.bund.de/DE/Service-Navi/Presse/Pressemitteilungen/Presse2025/250521_Sicherheitshinweis_GRU-Einheit_26165.html

⁴⁵⁷¹ India regulator seeks greater access to social media records, source and memo say, Reuters (New Delhi) 14 February 2025. Access Date: 31 March 2025. <https://www.reuters.com/world/india/indias-sebi-seeks-greater-access-social-media-records-say-source-memo-2025-02-13/>

⁴⁵⁷² AI Action Summit, Ministry of Europe and Foreign Affairs (Paris) 10 February 2025. Access Date: 31 March 2025. <https://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/en/french-foreign-policy/digital-diplomacy/news/article/ai-action-summit-10-11-feb-2025>

⁴⁵⁷³ India panel to review copyright law amid legal challenges to OpenAI, Reuters (New Delhi) 6 May 2025. Access Date: 10 May 2025. https://www.reuters.com/sustainability/boards-policy-regulation/india-panel-review-copyright-law-amid-legal-challenges-openai-2025-05-06/?utm_source=chatgpt.com

moderate action in facilitating dialogue between industry leaders and relevant stakeholders to encourage the sustainable use of AI and democratization of technology. However, India has not taken strong action in meeting with platform representatives to align on digital transparency and accountability issues.

Thus, India receives a score of 0.

Analyst: Deepak Menon

Indonesia: 0

Indonesia has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 14 December 2024, the Ministry of Communication and Digital Affairs announced plans to develop a cybersecurity system to support the digital transformation of government sectors in Indonesia.⁴⁵⁷⁴ The ministry works and collaborates with stakeholders on the National Digital Firewall and advocating for the formation of a Computer Security Incident Response Team in every government institution to mitigate cyber threats.

On 30 January 2025, the Ministry of Communication and Digital Affairs set a target of producing 100,000 skilled digital professionals in 2025 through its Digital Talent Scholarship (DTS) program.⁴⁵⁷⁵ Through the DTS program, the Ministry aims partner with several companies in the technology space such as Microsoft, Cisco, Google and Alibaba to train the professionals in line with industry needs and to advance Indonesia's digital transformation.

Indonesia has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. Indonesia has taken strong action to meet and collaborate with other relevant stakeholders in mitigating cyber threats and promote data protection rights. Indonesia has taken moderate action through engaging with digital platforms to ensure that future professionals in the field are trained on transparency and responsibility guidelines.

Thus, Indonesia receives a score of 0.

Analyst: Ibrahim Shahid

Italy: -1

Italy has not complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

Italy has not complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. It has not taken any steps to meet with platforms representatives and relevant stakeholders nor is there any evidence of individual member contributions in meetings or discussion of achieving the commitment welfare target.

Thus, Italy receives a score of -1.⁴⁵⁷⁶

Analyst: Ibrahim Shahid

⁴⁵⁷⁴ Indonesian govt prepares cybersecurity system to support digital transformation, The Star (Kuala Lumpur) 14 December 2024. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://www.thestar.com.my/aseanplus/aseanplus-news/2024/12/14/indonesian-govt-prepares-cybersecurity-system-to-support-digital-transformation>

⁴⁵⁷⁵ Mencetak Lagi Ribuan Talenta Digital, Komdigi (Jakarta) 30 January 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 10 May 2025. <https://www.komdigi.go.id/berita/masyarakat-digital/detail/mencetak-lagi-ribuan-talenta-digital>

⁴⁵⁷⁶ This score of non-compliance was determined after consulting the following sources: <http://www.governo.it/>, www.mite.gov.it/, <https://cultura.gov.it/>, <https://www.difesa.it/>, <https://www.mef.gov.it/>, <https://www.giustizia.it/giustizia/>, www.mit.gov.it, <https://www.interno.gov.it/it>, www.miur.gov.it/, www.mur.gov.it, www.lavoro.gov.it, <https://www.ansa.it/>, <https://www.corriere.it/>, <https://www.repubblica.it/>, <https://www.lastampa.it/> and <https://www.afp.com/fr>.

Japan: +1

Japan has fully complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 21 November 2024, Japan attended the Inaugural Convening of the International Network of AI Safety Institutes in San Francisco.⁴⁵⁷⁷ The Network hopes to kickstart meaningful international collaboration on artificial intelligence (AI) safety and innovation by bringing together the leading minds across governments, industry, academia and civil society. The Network announced a joint statement on the risk assessment of advanced AI systems.

On 22 January 2025, the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications, the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry and the Digital Agency of the Government of Japan and the United Kingdom's Department for Science, Innovation and Technology participated in the third ministerial Japan-UK Digital Council where they released a joint statement on digital infrastructures and technologies, data and digital regulation and standards and digital transformation.⁴⁵⁷⁸ The meeting involved multi-stakeholder engagement with industry representatives such as techUK and Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries, as well as other private sector stakeholders to promote digital transparency, accountability and cooperation.⁴⁵⁷⁹ There is evidence of co-developed safeguards through references to AI safety frameworks, the Information Distribution Platform Act and shared standards to improve strategic collaboration across the technology sector.

On 28 February 2025, Japan hosted the Hiroshima AI Process Friends Group in Tokyo to facilitate multi-stakeholder cooperation including government officials, experts on AI, international organizations and private-sector representatives from platforms including Google, Microsoft, Amazon and OpenAI on topics related to AI transparency and accountability.⁴⁵⁸⁰ The meeting further touched upon a reporting framework to standardize reporting mechanisms for AI safety, transparency and ethical practices.

On 25 March 2025, the Minister of Internal Affairs and Communications Murakami Seiichiro met with representatives and signed a memorandum of cooperation with the Brazil's Minister of Communications Juscelino Filho to strengthen collaboration on digital inclusion and regulation of communication technologies.⁴⁵⁸¹

Japan has fully complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. Japan has reiterated their commitment to implementing cyberdefence strategies and creating infrastructures that protect the privacy rights of citizens at meetings with other relevant stakeholders. Japan not taken steps to meet with

⁴⁵⁷⁷ FACT SHEET: U.S. Department of Commerce & U.S. Department of State Launch the International Network of AI Safety Institutes at Inaugural Convening in San Francisco, National Institute of Standards and Technology (Washington D.C.) 20 November 2024. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://www.commerce.gov/news/fact-sheets/2024/11/fact-sheet-us-department-commerce-us-department-state-launch-international>

⁴⁵⁷⁸ Outcomes of the Third Ministerial Council of the Japan-UK Digital Partnership, Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications (Tokyo) 22 January 2025. Access Date: 13 July 2025. https://www.soumu.go.jp/main_sosiki/joho_tsusin/eng/pressrelease/2025/1/22_1.html

⁴⁵⁷⁹ UK-Japan Joint Statement-Ministerial Japan-UK Digital Council January 2025, Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications (Tokyo) 28 January 2025. Access Date: 13 July 2025. https://www.soumu.go.jp/main_sosiki/joho_tsusin/eng/pressrelease/2025/pdf/000380185_20250122_1_1.pdf

⁴⁵⁸⁰ Results of the Hiroshima AI Process Friends Group Meeting, Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications (Tokyo) 28 February 2025. Access Date: 13 July 2025. https://www.soumu.go.jp/main_sosiki/joho_tsusin/eng/pressrelease/2025/2/28_1.html

⁴⁵⁸¹ Ministério das Comunicações assina acordo de inclusão digital e tecnologias da informação e comunicação com governo do Japão, Governo do Brasil (Brasília) 25 March 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 9 May 2025. <https://www.gov.br/mcom/pt-br/noticias/2025/marco/ministerio-das-comunicacoes-assina-acordo-de-inclusao-digital-e-tecnologias-da-informacao-e-comunicacao-com-governo-do-japao>

platform representatives and relevant stakeholders to improve their transparency and responsibility through the launch of the Hiroshima AI Process Friends Group and the Japan-UK Digital Council.

Thus, Japan receives a score of +1.

Analyst: Hana Greenberg

Korea: 0

Korea has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 21 November 2024, Korea attended the Inaugural Convening of the International Network of AI Safety Institutes in San Francisco.⁴⁵⁸² The Network hopes to kickstart meaningful international collaboration on artificial intelligence (AI) safety and innovation by bringing together the leading minds across governments, industry, academia and civil society. The Network announced a joint statement on the risk assessment of advanced AI systems.

On 11 February 2025, Korea issued a joint statement with the UK, Ireland, France and Australia on building trustworthy data governance frameworks to encourage development of innovative and privacy-protective artificial intelligence.⁴⁵⁸³ The joint declaration recognized the complex environment of AI development due to the number and range of stakeholders including dataset and model hosting platforms.

On 9 April 2025, Korea met with Brazil and signed an agreement on copyright in an evolving digital environment.⁴⁵⁸⁴ The agreement seeks to expand the international partnerships on the intellectual property regulation of streaming and artificial intelligence platforms.

Korea has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. Korea has taken moderate action in participating at the International Network of AI Safety Institutes alongside industry professionals and other relevant stakeholders to reiterate their commitment to assessing AI systems.

Thus, Korea receives a score of 0.

Analyst: Hana Greenberg

Mexico: -1

Mexico has not complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 20 February 2025, President Claudia Sheinbaum gathered Mexico's Consular Network based in the United States to help Mexican nationals against misinformation regarding migration enforcement through in-

⁴⁵⁸² FACT SHEET: U.S. Department of Commerce & U.S. Department of State Launch the International Network of AI Safety Institutes at Inaugural Convening in San Francisco, National Institute of Standards and Technology (San Francisco) 20 November 2024. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://www.commerce.gov/news/fact-sheets/2024/11/fact-sheet-us-department-commerce-us-department-state-launch-international>

⁴⁵⁸³ Joint statement on building trustworthy data governance frameworks to encourage development of innovative and privacy-protective AI, Australian Government (Canberra) 11 February 2025. Access Date: 9 May 2025. <https://www.oaic.gov.au/news/media-centre/joint-statement-on-building-trustworthy-data-governance-frameworks-to-encourage-development-of-innovative-and-privacy-protective-ai>

⁴⁵⁸⁴ Brasil e Coreia do Sul firmam plano de trabalho para implementar acordo inédito sobre direitos autorais, Governo do Brasil (Brasília) 11 April 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 9 May 2025. <https://www.gov.br/cultura/pt-br/assuntos/noticias/brasil-e-coreia-do-sul-firmam-plano-de-trabalho-para-implementar-acordo-inedito-sobre-direitos-autorais-1>

person, over the phone, or online assistance.⁴⁵⁸⁵ Through this action, the networks of government attorneys and their partner organizations aided over 2,800 individuals, demonstrating Mexico's commitment towards clarifying digital information through its stakeholders.

Mexico has not complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. Although Mexico has assisted Mexican nationals with misinformation, the government has not taken strong action to work with digital platforms or other relevant stakeholders to prevent issues or misinformation.

Thus, Mexico receives a score of -1.⁴⁵⁸⁶

Analyst: TianTian Dong

Russia: 0

Russia has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 15 January 2025, Prime Minister Mikhail Mishustin met with Prime Minister of Vietnam Pham Minh Chinh to discuss enterprise collaboration.⁴⁵⁸⁷ Prime Minister Mishustin cited Russia's expertise in cybersecurity and AI as a way for partnership between the governments and industries.

On 31 January 2025, Prime Minister Mishustin spoke at the plenary session of the Digital Almaty 2025 forum on Industrial AI: Technologies for a New Era.⁴⁵⁸⁸ Prime Minister Mishustin addressed the need for comprehensive cybersecurity.

Russia has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. Russia has taken strong action in meeting with relevant stakeholders. It has also taken moderate action by reiterating the importance of cybersecurity measures. However, Russia has not taken steps to meet with platforms to improve their transparency and responsibility.

Thus, Russia receives a score of 0.

Analyst: Butool Abedi

Saudi Arabia: 0

Saudi Arabia has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 28 November 2024, Saudi Arabia hosted the Black Hat Middle East and Africa conference and exhibition to reinforce its commitment to cybersecurity.⁴⁵⁸⁹ The conference highlighted the Kingdom's efforts to advance digital security and technological innovation as part of its broader Vision 2030 goals.

⁴⁵⁸⁵ Mexico's Consular Network in the U.S. Takes Active Role in Protecting Citizens' Rights and Combating Misinformation, Gobierno de México (Mexico City) 20 February 2025. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://www.gob.mx/sre/prensa/mexico-s-consular-network-in-the-u-s-takes-active-role-in-protecting-citizens-rights-and-combating-misinformation?idiom=en>

⁴⁵⁸⁶ This score of non-compliance was determined after consulting the following sources: <https://www.gob.mx/sre/en>, <https://www.gob.mx/buengobierno>, <https://secihti.mx/>, <http://www.sct.gob.mx/>, <https://www.gob.mx/atdt>, <https://mexiconewsdaily.com/> and <https://mexicodailypost.com/>.

⁴⁵⁸⁷ Mikhail Mishustin and Prime Minister of Vietnam Pham Minh Chinh meet with representatives of Russian and Vietnamese business circles, Russian Government (Hanoi) 15 January 2025. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <http://government.ru/en/news/53968/>

⁴⁵⁸⁸ Mikhail Mishustin took part in Digital Almaty 2025 international forum, Russian Government (Almaty) 31 January 2025. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <http://government.ru/en/news/54093/>

On 8 December 2024, Secretary-General of the Digital Cooperation Organization (DCO) Deemah AlYahya gave a lecture at the Prince Saud Al Faisal Institute for Diplomatic Studies in Riyadh. Secretary-General AlYahya pointed to Saudi Arabia as a practical example of leveraging technology to transform its economy and enhance its global leadership through Saudi Vision 2030 and other projects.⁴⁵⁹⁰ Digital technologies strengthen digital resilience and self-sufficiency, both essential to safeguarding “digital sovereignty” and ensuring nations can make independent decisions in shaping their futures within the global digital economy.

On 17 December 2024, the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) and the DCO hosted the fourth Diplomatic Connect event at the GCC headquarters in Riyadh.⁴⁵⁹¹ The event featured a keynote presentation titled “Global Tech Diplomacy Forecast – Key Influences on 2025,” which examined geopolitics shaping tech regulation, innovation priorities and international relations.

On 19 December 2024, the government hosted the 19th annual Internet Governance Forum meeting in Riyadh.⁴⁵⁹² The event fostered discussions on public policy issues related to the internet and facilitated the sharing of information, exchanging experiences and discussing solutions.

On 24 January 2025, Saudi Arabia participated in the 55th Annual Meeting of the World Economic Forum (WEF) in Davos, Switzerland.⁴⁵⁹³ Saudi Arabia announced that it will host a regular high-level WEF Global Meeting in Riyadh starting in Spring 2026.

On 10 February 2025, President of the Saudi Data and AI Authority Abdullah bin Sharaf Alghamdi attended the AI Action Summit in Paris, France.⁴⁵⁹⁴ He confirmed that the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia presented a model for strengthening comprehensive artificial intelligence (AI) governance at both regional and global levels.

Saudi Arabia has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. Saudi Arabia has taken strong action by meeting and facilitating dialogue with relevant stakeholders on the topics of digital governance, regulation, transparency, data ethics, digital infrastructure and misinformation management internationally. However, it has not taken steps to meet with digital platforms to improve their transparency and responsibility.

Thus, Saudi Arabia receives a score of 0.

Analyst: Yubou Chen

South Africa: +1

South Africa has fully complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

⁴⁵⁸⁹ Saudi Arabia strengthens cybersecurity leadership at Black Hat MENA, Arab News (Riyadh) 28 November 2024. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://www.arabnews.com/node/2581057/business-economy>

⁴⁵⁹⁰ Digital resilience key to safeguarding digital sovereignty, says DCO Secretary-General at lecture, Digital Cooperation Organization (Riyadh) 8 December 2024. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://dco.org/media/digital-resilience-key-to-safeguarding-digital-sovereignty-says-dco-secretary-general-at-lecture/>

⁴⁵⁹¹ DCO and GCC host 4th Diplomatic Connect to bring digital economy stakeholders together in exploring tech diplomacy, Digital Cooperation Organization (Riyadh) 18 December 2024. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://dco.org/media/dco-and-gcc-host-4th-diplomatic-connect-to-bring-digital-economy-stakeholders-together-in-exploring-tech-diplomacy/>

⁴⁵⁹² Saudi Arabia to Host 19th Internet Governance Forum in December, The Saudi Press Agency (Riyadh) 28 August 2024. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://www.spa.gov.sa/en/N2161833>

⁴⁵⁹³ Saudi Arabia Concludes its Participation at WEF AM25, Ministry news (Davos) 25 January 2025. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://mep.gov.sa/en/media-center/news/saudi-arabia-concludes-its-participation-at-wef-am25>

⁴⁵⁹⁴ SDAIA President at AI Action Summit in Paris: Saudi Arabia Sets a Leading Example in Comprehensive AI Governance Regionally and Globally, The Saudi Press Agency (Paris) 10 February 2025. Access Date: 12 May 2025. <https://www.spa.gov.sa/en/N2258583>

On 26 March 2025, Minister of Communications and Digital Technologies Solly Malatsi by facilitating multistakeholder dialogue with TikTok executives, and other relevant stakeholders including government ministers, regulators, content creators, non-governmental organizations and educators at the TikTok Safer Internet Summit 2025.⁴⁵⁹⁵ The initiative builds consensus on transparency and accountability safeguards as the discussions focused on content moderation, the “#SaferTogether campaign” and strategies to protect youth on the Internet.

South Africa has fully complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. There has been strong evidence of individual member contributions at meetings with relevant stakeholders and platforms and verbal affirmations in alignment of the commitment welfare target through the TikTok Safer Internet Summit 2025.

Thus, South Africa receives a score of +1.

Analyst: Thien Lam Nguyen

Türkiye: 0

Türkiye has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 15 December 2024, Communications Director Fahrettin Altun concluded the 4th International Strategic Communication Summit (Stratcom 24) in Istanbul, announcing concrete outcomes that position Turkey as a global leader in responsible artificial intelligence (AI) development.⁴⁵⁹⁶ Key deliverables include establishing a National AI Ethics Committee by March 2025 and mandatory AI impact assessments for public sector projects, with 47 organizations signing the Istanbul Declaration on Responsible AI.

Türkiye has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. Türkiye has taken strong action in facilitating dialogue with relevant stakeholders in improving responsible AI development and implementing impact assessments for public sector projects. However, it has not taken steps to meet with platform representatives to improve transparency and responsibility.

Thus, Türkiye receives a score of 0.

Analyst: Nava Medikonda

United Kingdom: 0

The United Kingdom has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 21 November 2024, the UK attended the Inaugural Convening of the International Network of AI Safety Institutes in San Francisco, California.⁴⁵⁹⁷ The Network hopes to kickstart meaningful international

⁴⁵⁹⁵ Minister Malatsi’s Keynote Speech at the TikTok Safer Internet Summit 2025, Department of Communications & Digital Technologies (Pretoria) 26 March 2025. Access Date: 13 July 2025. <https://www.dcdt.gov.za/minister-s-speeches/575-minister-malatsi-s-keynote-speech-at-the-tiktok-safer-internet-summit-2025.html>

⁴⁵⁹⁶ Turkish Presidency’s communications head strongly emphasizes equitable digitalization at the closing of Stratcom, Anadolu agency (Türkiye) 15 December 2024. Access Date: 27 March 2025. <https://www.aa.com.tr/en/turkiye/turkish-presidencys-communications-head-strongly-emphasizes-equitable-digitalization-at-closing-of-stratcom-24/3424927>

⁴⁵⁹⁷ FACT SHEET: U.S. Department of Commerce & U.S. Department of State Launch the International Network of AI Safety Institutes at Inaugural Convening in San Francisco, National Institute of Standards and Technology (San Francisco) 20 November 2024. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://www.commerce.gov/news/fact-sheets/2024/11/fact-sheet-us-department-commerce-us-department-state-launch-international>

collaboration on artificial intelligence (AI) safety and innovation by bringing together the leading minds across governments, industry, academia and civil society. The Network announced a joint statement on the risk assessment of advanced AI systems.

On 22 January 2025, the Department for Science, Innovation and Technology (DIST) and Japan's Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications, Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry and Digital Agency participated in the third ministerial Japan-UK Digital Council where they released a joint statement on digital infrastructures and technologies, data and digital regulation and standards and digital transformation.⁴⁵⁹⁸ The meeting involved multi-stakeholder engagement with industry representatives such as techUK and Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries, as well as other private sector stakeholders to promote digital transparency, accountability and cooperation.⁴⁵⁹⁹ There is evidence of co-developed safeguards through references to AI safety frameworks, the Information Distribution Platform Act and shared standards to improve strategic collaboration across the technology sector.

On 29 January 2025, the DIST and the AI Safety Institute released the first international AI Safety Report ahead of the France AI Action Summit.⁴⁶⁰⁰ The report involves multi-stakeholder engagement from AI experts nominated by governments and intergovernmental organizations. It sets a shared, evidence-based foundation on AI risks and the adoption of transparent safety principles reflective of collective accountability.

On 11 February 2025, the UK issued a joint statement with France, Ireland, Korea and Australia on building trustworthy data governance frameworks to encourage development of innovative and privacy-protective artificial intelligence.⁴⁶⁰¹ The joint declaration recognized the complex environment of AI development due to the number and range of stakeholders including dataset and model hosting platforms.

On 4 April 2025, the United Kingdom and France co-hosted the second Pall Mall Process Conference in Paris, France.⁴⁶⁰² The conference focused on addressing the misuse of commercial cyber intrusion capabilities. The conference resulted in a Code of Practice for states regarding the use and sale of cyber tools and services. As of 25 April 2025, 25 countries have signed the Code of Practice which aims to combat the irresponsible use of commercial cyber intrusion capabilities, including commercial spyware on platforms.⁴⁶⁰³

The United Kingdom has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. It has taken moderate action in meeting with both industry professionals and stakeholders at the International Network of AI Safety Institutes. However, it has not taken strong action in meeting with platform representatives with evidence of individual member contributions.

⁴⁵⁹⁸ Outcomes of the Third Ministerial Council of the Japan-UK Digital Partnership, Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications (Tokyo) 22 January 2025. Access Date: 13 July 2025.

https://www.soumu.go.jp/main_sosiki/joho_tsusin/eng/pressrelease/2025/1/22_1.html

⁴⁵⁹⁹ UK-Japan Joint Statement-Ministerial Japan-UK Digital Council January 2025, Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications (Tokyo) 28 January 2025. Access Date: 13 July 2025.

https://www.soumu.go.jp/main_sosiki/joho_tsusin/eng/pressrelease/2025/pdf/000380185_20250122_1_1.pdf

⁴⁶⁰⁰ First International AI Safety Report to inform discussions at AI Action Summit, Department for Science, Innovation and Technology (London) 29 January 2025. Access Date: 13 July 2025. <https://www.gov.uk/government/news/first-international-ai-safety-report-to-inform-discussions-at-ai-action-summit>

⁴⁶⁰¹ Joint statement on building trustworthy data governance frameworks to encourage development of innovative and privacy-protective AI, Australian Government (Canberra) 11 February 2025. Access Date: 9 May 2025.

<https://www.oaic.gov.au/news/media-centre/joint-statement-on-building-trustworthy-data-governance-frameworks-to-encourage-development-of-innovative-and-privacy-protective-ai>

⁴⁶⁰² Pall Mall Process: Code of Practice for States to tackle the proliferation and irresponsible use of commercial cyber intrusion capabilities, Ministry of Europe and Foreign Affairs (Paris) 3 April 2025. Access Date: 10 May 2025.

<https://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/en/french-foreign-policy/digital-diplomacy/news/article/pall-mall-process-code-of-practice-for-states-to-tackle-the-proliferation-and>

⁴⁶⁰³ How the Pall Mall Process Can Help Combat Commercial Spyware Abuse, Freedom House (Washington D.C.) 8 May 2025. Access Date: 10 May 2025. <https://freedomhouse.org/article/how-pall-mall-process-can-help-combat-commercial-spyware-abuse>

Thus, the United Kingdom receives a score of 0.

Analyst: Nava Medikonda

United States: –1

The United States has not complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 21 November 2024, the United States attended the Inaugural Convening of the International Network of AI Safety Institutes in San Francisco, California.⁴⁶⁰⁴ The Network hopes to kickstart meaningful international collaboration on artificial intelligence (AI) safety and innovation by bringing together the leading minds across governments, industry, academia and civil society. The Network announced a joint statement on the risk assessment of advanced AI systems.

On 15 January 2025, the Federal Communications Commissioner (FCC) Anna Gomez reiterated the FCC's commitment to the Affordable Connectivity Program, cybersecurity efforts, media literacy and disinformation awareness, digital innovations and preserving First Amendment protections for content platforms following the transition to a new administration during the January public meeting with government representatives.⁴⁶⁰⁵ Commissioner Gomez supported the implementation of media literacy tools and stated the agency's commitment to ongoing regulatory support.⁴⁶⁰⁶

On 25 March 2025, Commissioner Gomez discussed affordability and broadband access with regards to expanding digital connectivity and warned against regulatory overreach with regards while engaging with government stakeholders during the U.S. Hispanic Chamber of Commerce Legislative Summit.⁴⁶⁰⁷

The United States has not complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. It has taken moderate action in meeting with both industry professionals and stakeholders through meetings at International Network of AI Safety Institutes and FCC meetings. The lack of meaningful multi-stakeholder dialogue, direct engagement with platform representatives and consensus-building with evidence of individual contributions to discussions on establishing safeguards involving platforms justifies the score of non-compliance.

Thus, the United States receives a score of –1.⁴⁶⁰⁸

Analyst: Butool Abedi

⁴⁶⁰⁴ FACT SHEET: U.S. Department of Commerce & U.S. Department of State Launch the International Network of AI Safety Institutes at Inaugural Convening in San Francisco, National Institute of Standards and Technology (San Francisco) 20 November 2024. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://www.commerce.gov/news/fact-sheets/2024/11/fact-sheet-us-department-commerce-us-department-state-launch-international>

⁴⁶⁰⁵ Gomez Statement on FCC Past Accomplishments and Future Work, Federal Communications Commission (Washington D.C.) 15 January 2025. Access Date: 13 July 2025. <https://www.fcc.gov/document/gomez-statement-fcc-past-accomplishments-and-future-work>

⁴⁶⁰⁶ COMMISSIONER GOMEZ REMARKS ON PAST AND FUTURE WORK AT THE JANUARY PUBLIC MEETING, Federal Communications Commission (Washington D.C.) 15 January 2025. Access Date: 13 July 2025. <https://docs.fcc.gov/public/attachments/DOC-408873A1.pdf>

⁴⁶⁰⁷ Commissioner Gomez on Civil Rights and Fairness, Federal Communications Commission (Washington D.C.) 25 March 2025. Access Date: 13 July 2025. <https://www.fcc.gov/document/commissioner-gomez-civil-rights-and-fairness>; REMARKS OF FCC COMMISSIONER ANNA M. GOMEZ UNITED STATES HISPANIC CHAMBER OF COMMERCE LEGISLATIVE SUMMIT WASHINGTON, DC MARCH 25, 2025, Federal Communications Commission (Washington D.C.) 25 March 2025. Access Date: 13 July 2025. <https://docs.fcc.gov/public/attachments/DOC-410369A1.pdf>

⁴⁶⁰⁸ This score of non-compliance was determined after consulting the following sources: <https://www.commerce.gov/>, <https://www.fcc.gov/>, <https://www.state.gov/>, <https://www.whitehouse.gov/>, <https://www.doi.gov/>, <https://www.house.gov/>, <http://www.usatoday.com>, <http://public.wsj.com/home.html> and <http://www.cnn.com>.

African Union: 0

The African Union has partially complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 17 May 2025, the African Union Commission in partnership with the government of Ethiopia and the Institute for Security Studies held a High-Level Policy Dialogue on the Development and Regulation of AI in Africa convening 40 African countries, “AU Commissioners, diplomats, civil society, academia, and private sector leaders” including representatives from Meta.⁴⁶⁰⁹ The initiative reflects the AU’s commitment to multi-stakeholder engagement and co-developing safeguards around responsible artificial intelligence (AI) governance, multi-level regulations and ensuring the transparency and accountability of AI systems. Deputy Chairperson of the AU Commission also highlighted the AU’s commitment to “advancing a multisectoral and multistakeholder AI governance approach.” The Communiqué released following the event highlighted AI as a strategic priority and digital infrastructure as an area for collaborative efforts.

The African Union has partially complied with its commitment to emphasizing the transparency of digital platforms and ensuring their alignment with relevant policies and legal frameworks. The AU has taken strong action in meeting with stakeholders through the High-Level Policy Dialogue on the Development and Regulation on Africa. However, there is a lack of direct engagement with platform representatives and consensus-building with evidence of individual contributions to discussions on establishing safeguards involving platforms.

Thus, the African Union receives a score of 0.

Analyst: TianTian Dong

European Union: +1

The European Union has fully complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility.

On 21 November 2024, the EU attended the Inaugural Convening of the International Network of AI Safety Institutes in San Francisco.⁴⁶¹⁰ The Network hopes to kickstart meaningful international collaboration on AI safety and innovation by bringing together the leading minds across governments, industry, academia and civil society. The Network announced a joint statement on the risk assessment of advanced AI systems.

On 20 January 2025, Ireland’s Minister of Finance and President of the Eurogroup, Paschal Donohoe, acknowledged in the Eurogroup meeting the need for technologies to “enhance the speed, efficiency and transparency of financial markets.”⁴⁶¹¹ President Donohoe addressed the work of the European Central Bank regarding the use of new technologies in collaboration with the private sector.

On 6 February 2025, Advocate General Maciej Szpunar presented his opinion on the responsibilities of the operator of the online marketplace Russmedia Digital and Inform Media Press in the Court of Justice of the

⁴⁶⁰⁹ Africa Declares AI a Strategic Priority as High-Level Dialogue Calls for Investment, Inclusion, and Innovation, African Union Commission (Addis Ababa) 17 May 2025. Access Date: 13 July 2025. <https://au.int/en/pressreleases/20250517/africa-declares-ai-strategic-priority-investment-inclusion-and-innovation>

⁴⁶¹⁰ FACT SHEET: U.S. Department of Commerce & U.S. Department of State Launch the International Network of AI Safety Institutes at Inaugural Convening in San Francisco, National Institute of Standards and Technology (San Francisco) 20 November 2024. Access Date: 29 March 2025. <https://www.commerce.gov/news/fact-sheets/2024/11/fact-sheet-us-department-commerce-us-department-state-launch-international>

⁴⁶¹¹ Remarks by Paschal Donohoe following the Eurogroup meeting of 20 January 2025, Eurogroup (Brussels) 20 January 2025. Access Date: 24 March 2025. <https://www.consilium.europa.eu/en/press/press-releases/2025/01/20/remarks-by-paschal-donohoe-following-the-eurogroup-meeting-of-20-january-2025/>

European Union.⁴⁶¹² He addressed that the processing of personal data should be lawful, fair and transparent and the collection of data should be within specific and legitimate purposes.

On 12 February 2025, the European Union and Brazil reaffirmed their collaboration in digital governance through a joint statement committing to bilateral cooperation in digital governance.⁴⁶¹³ This initiative aims to enhance transparency and data protection standards across digital platforms by working with companies and through shared regulatory practices.

On 19 March 2025, the European Commission communicated two sets of preliminary findings to Alphabet for failing to comply with the Digital Markets Act (DMA).⁴⁶¹⁴ The Commission found that some features of Google Search preferentially benefited Alphabet's own services. The Commission informed Alphabet that the company is in breach of DMA as it is not ensuring a transparent and fair treatment of third-party services because it is preventing app developers from freely steering consumers.

On 22 April 2025, the European Commission fined Apple and Meta with EUR200 million and EUR500 million respectively for incompliance with the data consent regulations set in the DMA.⁴⁶¹⁵ The fines come after extensive communication with the companies where they presented their views and arguments. The Commission found that Apple and Meta failed to comply with the DMA as the companies' failed to prove that their restrictions were objectively necessary and proportionate.

The European Union has fully complied with its commitment to emphasize transparency on digital platforms and work with digital platforms and relevant stakeholders to improve transparency and responsibility. The EU has taken action in meeting with both industry professionals and stakeholders at the International Network of AI Safety Institutes. It has taken strong action in the Eurogroup meeting and in formal addresses in the Court of Justice to address opportunities for collaboration and digital technology transparency. The EU has also taken steps to meet with platform representatives to improve their transparency and accountability.

Thus, the European Union receives a score of +1.

Analyst: Alvin Wong

⁴⁶¹² OPINION OF ADVOCATE GENERAL SZPUNAR delivered on 6 February 2025, Court of Justice of the European Union (Cluj-Napoca) 6 February 2025. Access Date: 24 March 2025. <https://curia.europa.eu/juris/document/document.jsf?text=&docid=295080&pageIndex=0&doclang=EN&mode=req&dir=&occ=first&part=1&cid=17498542>

⁴⁶¹³ Brasil e União Europeia reforçam cooperação em governança digital e reafirmam seus marcos de legislação na área digital, Governo do Brasil (Brasília) 12 February 2025. Translation provided by Google Translate. Access Date: 9 May 2025. <https://www.gov.br/secom/pt-br/assuntos/noticias/2025/02/brasil-e-uniao-europeia-reforcam-cooperacao-em-governanca-digital-e-reafirmam-seus-marcos-de-legislacao-na-area-digital>

⁴⁶¹⁴ Commission sends preliminary findings to Alphabet under the Digital Markets Act, Directorate-General for Competition, Directorate-General for Communications Networks, Content and Technology (Brussels) 19 March 2025. Access Date: 10 May 2025. https://digital-markets-act.ec.europa.eu/commission-sends-preliminary-findings-alphabet-under-digital-markets-act-2025-03-19_en

⁴⁶¹⁵ Commission finds Apple and Meta in breach of the Digital Markets Act, European Commission (Brussels) 22 April 2025. Access Date: 10 May 2025. https://ec.europa.eu/commission/presscorner/detail/en/ip_25_1085